6.5.3 Summary to: 6.5 Lithograpy

- Lithography comprises three elementary steps:
 - Cover the layer to be structured with a light-sensitive layer called (photo) resist
 - Expose the resist to light only where you want the structure by a "slide projector" called **stepper** (always demagnify the "slide" called **reticle**.
 - Develop the exposed resist in such a way that unexposed parts are etched off.
 - The structure has now be transferred into the resist; the process is rather similar to regular old-fashioned analog photography.
- The problem is that we want to make structures with lateral sizes in the **30 nm** region, far smaller than the wavelength of light. This necessitates extreme measures in all components involved
 - At the core of lithography are the steppers optical machines for around 5 Mio €a piece
 - Resist technology, too, is a highly developed part of lithography
 - For some big problems simple solutions have been found.
 Example: reticles with pellicles



