## Exercise 2.1-3

## What does it take to build a 4 GhZ Microprocessor?



A <u>typical</u> MOS transistor of 200x ( $x = 0 \dots 5$ ) vintage has a "gate length" (= distance between source an drain) of about 0.5  $\mu$ m and is run at about 3 V

- 1.) What is the mobility the material (= semiconductor) must have for 4 GHz operation frequency? Discuss the result for known mobility values and consider the following points
  - Transistor speed = device speed ??
  - Mobility range for a given material ??
  - · Could we have powerful PCs without micro- or nanotechnology ??
- 2.) How could you increase the speed for a given material
  - In principal?
  - · Considering that there limits. e.g. to field strengths?



## **Solution**