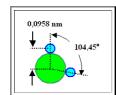
Exercise 3.2-1 Maximum Polarization of Water



Looking into some standard reference book with numbers, e.g. the "CRC Handbook of Chemistry and Physics", you find that the structure of a water molecule and its dipole moment is



 \bullet $\mu_{\text{water}} = 1,87 \cdot 10^{-18} \text{ e.s.u.}$

- **1.** How large would the *dielectric constant* of water be if *all* water dipoles are completely oriented into the field direction? Or, if you realize right away that this question does'nt make much sense:
- 1a. How large would the polaization of water be if all water dipoles are completely oriented into the field direction?
- And what, for gods sake, are e.s.u.?



Link to the solution